## Consensus statement

Full contact practice

**Table 2** Return-to-sport (RTS) strategy—each step typically takes a minimum of 24 hours

| Step | Exercise strategy   | Activity at each step   | Goal  |
|------|---|---|---|
| 1    | Symptom-limited activity  | Daily activities that do not exacerbate symptoms (eg, walking).   | Gradual reintroduction of work/school                                   |
| 2    | Aerobic exercise  2A—Light (up to approximately 55% maxHR) then  2B—Moderate (up to approximately 70% maxHR)  | Stationary cycling or walking at slow to medium pace.  May start light resistance training that does not result in more than mild and brief exacerbation* of concussion symptoms.                 | Increase heart rate   |
| 3    | Individual sport-specific exercise  Note: If sport-specific training involves any risk of inadvertent head impact, medical clearance should occur prior to Step 3 | Sport-specific training away from the team environment (eg, running, change of direction and/or individual training drills away from the team environment). No activities at risk of head impact. | Add movement, change of direction                                       |
|      | should begin after the resolution of any symptoms, abnormaliti<br>physical exertion.  | es in cognitive function and any other clinical findings relat  | ted to the current concussion, including with                           |
| 4    | Non-contact training drills   | Exercise to high intensity including more challenging training drills (eg, passing drills, multiplayer training) can integrate into a team environment.   | Resume usual intensity of exercise, coordination and increased thinking |

6 Return to sport Normal game play.

\*Mild and brief exacerbation of symptoms (ie, an increase of no more than 2 points on a 0–10 point scale for less than an hour when compared with the baseline value reported prior to physical activity). Athletes may begin Step 1 (ie, symptom-limited activity) within 24 hours of injury, with progression through each subsequent step typically taking a minimum of 24 hours. If more than mild exacerbation of symptoms (ie, more than 2 points on a 0–10 scale) occurs during Steps 1–3, the athlete should stop and attempt to exercise the next day. Athletes experiencing concussion-related symptoms during Steps 4–6 should return to Step 3 to establish full resolution of symptoms with exertion before engaging in at-risk activities. Written determination of readiness to RTS should be provided by an HCP before unrestricted RTS as directed by local laws and/or sporting regulations.

Participate in normal training activities.

Restore confidence and assess functional

skills by coaching staff

HCP, healthcare professional; maxHR, predicted maximal heart rate according to age (ie, 220-age).